

MEDICAL ACCIDENT CLAIM FORM

Failure to complete this form in its entirety may result in a delay in processing this claim.

PLEASE READ BEFORE COMPLETING THIS FORM

The furnishing of this form is for the convenience of the policyholder and is not an acknowledgement of liability or waiver of any right.

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. Complete Policyholder/Patient Information on this page.
2. Be sure to sign your claim form at the bottom of this page.
3. **If you are filing for disability**, please complete the "Individual Disability Notice of Claim" form.

ADDITIONAL NOTES:

1. Submit all bills related to this claim such as doctor, hospital (must include the number of days confined, if applicable), ambulance, follow-up visits, physical therapy, etc. All bills should be itemized and should include the diagnosis, services rendered, date of service and actual charges for the service.
2. Be sure to include your policy number on all documents.

POLICYHOLDER'S INFORMATION

Policyholder Name (Last, first, middle initial)		Policy Number
Address (City, State, Zip Code)		<input type="checkbox"/> Check Box If This A New Permanent Address
Social Security Number	Date of Birth	Telephone Number

PATIENT'S INFORMATION

Patient Name (Last, First, Middle Initial)		Social Security Number	Date of Birth	Height and Weight
<input type="checkbox"/> Male	<input type="checkbox"/> Single	<input type="checkbox"/> Other	Relationship: <input type="checkbox"/> Self <input type="checkbox"/> Dependent	
<input type="checkbox"/> Female	<input type="checkbox"/> Married		<input type="checkbox"/> Spouse <input type="checkbox"/> Check if dependent is full-time student	
*If the patient (child) is over age 19 and a full-time student, provide the name of the school being attended:			School's Address	

***If you have not previously submitted proof of full-time student status for the period of the medical expenses submitted, you must do so before the claim can be processed.**

What injury was suffered?		Date of accident/injury (MM/DD/YY)	Time of Accident <input type="checkbox"/> AM <input type="checkbox"/> PM
Did the accident result from the patient's occupation?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	If YES, please provide details.	
Have you ever had the same injury before?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	If YES, when? (MM/DD/YY)	Date you were first treated by a physician for the injury? (MM/DD/YY)
Were you hospitalized? **	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	If YES, on what date were you admitted? (MM/DDYY)	On what date were you released? (MM/DD/YY)
Describe how, when and where the accident occurred:			
Physician's Name and Address			
Has any other physician treated you for this accident?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	When? (MM/DD/YY)	
Physician's Name and Address			

****If you were in the hospital, please attach an itemized statement.**

I authorize any hospital, physician, or other person who has attended me or examined me to disclose to my insurer or their duly authorized representative any and all information with respect to any illness or injury, medical history, consultation, prescriptions or treatment relative to my person, and to furnish copies of all hospital or medical records. I understand that in executing this authorization I waive the right for such information to be privileged. A photocopy of this authorization shall be considered as effective and valid as the original.

Signature (If Claim Is For A Minor, Parent Or Legal Guardian Must Sign)

Date

Submit Completed Form to:

Claims Department
P.O. Box 925309
Houston, TX 77292-5309



ManhattanLife™

Claim Form Addendum: Fraud Warning and State Versions

Any person who knowingly, and with intent to injure, defraud, or deceive an insurance company, files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information is guilty of insurance fraud, which is a felony.

Alabama Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or who knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to restitution fines or confinement in prison, or any combination thereof. **Alaska** A person who knowingly and with intent to injure, defraud, or deceive an insurance company files a claim containing false, incomplete, or misleading information may be prosecuted under state law. **Arkansas** Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison. **Arizona** For your protection Arizona law requires the following statement to appear on this form. Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss is subject to criminal and civil penalties. **California** For your protection California law requires the following to appear on this form. Any person who knowingly presents false or fraudulent information to obtain or amend insurance coverage or to make a claim for the payment of a loss is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in state prison. **Colorado** It is unlawful to knowingly provide false, incomplete, or misleading facts or information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines, denial of insurance, and civil damages. Any insurance company or agent of an insurance company who knowingly provides false, incomplete, or misleading facts or information to a policyholder or claimant for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the policyholder or claimant with regard to a settlement or award payable from insurance proceeds shall be reported to the Colorado division of insurance within the department of regulatory agencies. **Delaware** Any person who knowingly, and with intent to injure, defraud or deceive any insurer, files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete or misleading information is guilty of a felony. **District of Columbia** WARNING: It is a crime to provide false or misleading information to an insurer for the purpose of defrauding the insurer or any other person. Penalties include imprisonment and/or fines. In addition, an insurer may deny insurance benefits if false information materially related to a claim was provided by the applicant. **Florida** Any person who knowingly and with intent to injure, defraud, or deceive any insurer files a statement of claim or an application containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information is guilty of a felony of the third degree. **Idaho** Any person who knowingly, and with intent to defraud or deceive any insurance company, files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information is guilty of a felony. **Indiana** A person who knowingly and with intent to defraud an insurer files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information commits a felony. **Kentucky** Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files a statement of claim containing any materially false information or conceals, for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime. **Louisiana** Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison. **Maine** It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines or a denial of insurance benefits. **Maryland** Any person who knowingly or willfully presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or who knowingly or willfully presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison. **Minnesota** A person who files a claim with intent to defraud or helps commit a fraud against an insurer is guilty of a crime. **New Hampshire** Any person who, with a purpose to injure, defraud, or deceive any insurance company, files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information is subject to prosecution and punishment for insurance fraud, as provided in RSA 638:20. **New Jersey** Any person who knowingly files a statement of claim containing any false or misleading information is subject to criminal and civil penalties. **New Mexico** Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to civil fines and criminal penalties. **New York** Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information, or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto, commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime, and shall also be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed five thousand dollars and the stated value of the claim for each such violation. **Ohio** Any person who, with intent to defraud or knowing that he is facilitating a fraud against an insurer, submits an application or files a claim containing a false or deceptive statement is guilty of insurance fraud. **Oklahoma** Warning: Any person who knowingly, and with intent to injure, defraud or deceive any insurer, makes any claim for the proceeds of an insurance policy containing any false, incomplete or misleading information is guilty of a felony. **Pennsylvania** Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime and subjects such person to criminal and civil penalties. **Puerto Rico** Any person who knowingly and with the intention of defrauding presents false information in an insurance application, or presents, helps, or causes the presentation of a fraudulent claim for the payment of a loss or any other benefit, or presents more than one claim for the same damage or loss, shall incur a felony and, upon conviction, shall be sanctioned for each violation by a fine of not less than five thousand dollars (\$5,000) and not more than ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), or a fixed term of imprisonment for three (3) years, or both penalties. Should aggravating circumstances be present, the penalty thus established may be increased to a maximum of five (5) years, if extenuating circumstances are present, it may be reduced to a minimum of two (2) years. **Rhode Island** Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison. **Tennessee** It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties include imprisonment, fines and denial of insurance benefits. **Texas** Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for the payment of a loss is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in state prison. **Virginia** It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties include imprisonment, fines and denial of insurance benefits. **Washington** It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete, or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties include imprisonment, fines, and denial of insurance benefits. **West Virginia** Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.